1.	VVI	hen of the following is not a part of start development programme				
	a)	In-service education				
	b)	Continuing education				
	c)	Induction training				
	d)	Staff selection				
2.	Wa	ays to prevent hospital acquired infection include all, except				
	a)	Wearing mask				
	b)	Gloving				
	c)	Vaccination				
	d)	Hand washing				
3.	Process of identifying duties and responsibilities related to a job is classified as					
	a)	job specification				
	b)	job description				
	c)	job analysis				
	d)	job mobility				
4.	What temperature is appropriate for storage of packs with platelet concentrate?					
	a)	2-6 degree C				
	b)	4 degree C				
	c)	20-24 degree C				
	d)	Room temperature				
5.	Tir	ne interval between the entry of organism into the body and appearance of				
	cli	nical signs and symptoms of the disease				
	a)	Prodromal period				
	b)	Incubation period				
	c)	Acute period				
	d)	Window period				
6.	An	intra aortic balloon pump will decrease				
	a)	Myocardial oxygen demand				
	b)	Cardiac output				
	c)	Heart rate				
	d)	Coronary perfusion				
7.	A confused patient who fell out of bed because side rails were not used is an example					
		which type of liability				
	a)	Assault				
	b)	Battery				
	c)	Felony				
	d)	Negligence				
8.	Th	rombolytic agent for acute stroke is				
	a)	Heparin				
	b)	Streptokinase				
	c)	Recombinant tissue plasminogen activator				
	d)	Tranexamic acid				

9. Which nerve injury is susceptible while giving IM injection in dorsal gluteal site? a) Phrenic nerve b) Sciatic nerve c) Vagus nerve d) Ulnar nerve 10. A typical side effect of Adrenalin is a) Feeling sleepy b) Skin rashes c) Tremor d) Nasal congestion 11. The most reliable diagnostic test in Myasthenia Gravis is a) Wada test b) Trendelenburg test c) Treadmill test d) Tensilon test 12. The preferred position in which a patient with intracranial pressure to be placed is a) Supine b) Head up to 30 degrees c) Lithotomy d) Trendelenburg 13. In epinephrine unresponsive patients in cardiac arrest, which of the following drugs can be given as single dose? a) Nor epinephrine b) Dopamine c) Vasopressin d) Dobutamine 14. The most common manifestation of a ruptured cerebral aneurysm is ...... a) Tonic-clonic seizure b) Decerebrate posturing c) Sudden severe headache d) Narrowed pulse pressure 15. Of the following which is a weaning mode with ventilator? a) Controlled Mandatory Ventilation b) Inverse ratio ventilation c) 'T' piece d) Pressure support 16. Ideal position to prevent aspiration during nasogastric tube feeding is ----a) Side lying position b) Head end 30 degree elevated c) Head end 40 degree elevated d) Supine position

- 17. Which of the following should be looked for when positive pressured mechanical ventilation is applied in a patient?
  - a) Airway obstruction
  - b) Pneumothorax
  - ~c) Bronchospasm
  - d) Increased secretion
- 18. What pressure can be used while suctioning a child?
  - a) 60 mm of Hg
  - b) 100 mm of Hg
  - c) 120 mm of Hg
  - d) 180 mm of Hg
- 19. What should be the first step the nurse should take when seeing a straight ECG base line?
  - a) Check patient's condition and assess
  - b) Unplug other electrical equipments and note any change in the wave form
  - c) Remove loose electrode and re-apply.
  - d) Start CPR
- 20. Blood supply to the brain is from
  - a) Rt coronary artery
  - b) Circle of Willis
  - c) Ophthalmic artery
  - d) Lt anterior descending artery
- 21. In Cushing's triad which among the following is most relevant
  - a) Hypertension, tachycardia, tachypnea
  - b) Hypotension, bradycardia, tachypnea
    - c) Hypertension, bradycardia, abnormal respiratory pattern
    - d) Hypotension, bradycardia, normal respiration
- 22. The nurse would suspect a patient after craniotomy is developing meningitis if the patient exhibits
  - a) negative Kernig sign
  - b) presence of nuchal rigidity
  - c) negative Brudzinski sign
  - d) Glasgow coma scale of 15
- 23. Pill rolling motion of the hand is noted in
  - ~ a) Alzheimer'sdisease

c) Stroke

b) myasthenia gravis

- d) Parkinson's disease
- 24. Strategies for prevention of Ventilator Associated Pneumonia include all Except
  - a) Prophylactic antibiotic therapy
  - b) Meticulous oral hygiene
  - c) Frequent suctioning of subglottic secretions
  - d) Elevation of head end to minimum of 30 degree

- 25. The immediate response of the nurse on hearing the low pressure alarm on ventilator should be
  - a) Administer Oxygen
  - b) Check vital signs
  - c) Initiate manual ventilation
  - d) Call the anesthetist
- 26. Complications of atrial fibrillation is caused by
  - a) Stasis of blood
  - b) Increased cardiac output
  - c) Irregular rhythm
  - d) decreased cardiac output
- 27. The route of transmission of MRSA is
  - a) Sharing of instruments
  - b) Blood transfusion
  - c) Re-use of disposable items
  - d) Hand carriage
- 28. The salient features of nurses records include the following Except
  - a) Written with Ink
  - b) Clear and concise
  - c) Counter signed by the doctor
  - d) Should not have overwriting
- 29. In which of the under mentioned conditions, is the patient at high risk for developing Stroke
  - a) Mitral Stenosis
  - b) Aortic regurgitation
  - c) Atrial Septal defect
  - d) Pulmonary Stenosis
- 30. A Four year old child is brought to the OPD after a fall from a bicycle. Assessment of raised ICP include
  - a) Bulging of anterior fontanel
  - b) Repeated vomiting
  - c) Bluish swelling on the forehead
  - d) Pain on moving the right upper limb
- 31. Bell's palsy is the paralysis of the nerve
  - a) Trigeminal nerve
  - b) Facial nerve
  - c) Optic nerve
  - d) Occulomotor nerve
- 32. A "blue spell" of tetralogy of Fallot is treated with all the following except
  - a) Oxygen
  - b) Knee Chest position
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Digoxin

33. J	Ho	man's sign is a symptom of which of the followi	ng c	ondition		
a	a)	Bed sore				
1	b)	Meningitis				
(	c)	DVT				
(	d)	Stroke				
34. ]	Но	w many drops in a micro drip set makes 1 ml?	:			
a	a)	60	c)	30		
1	b)	100	d)	15		
35.	Wh	nich drug is administered during anaphylaxis				
á	a)	Digoxin				
I	b)	Sodium Bicarbonate				
(	c)	Adrenaline				
(	d)	Atropin				
36.	Wł	nich of the following is not a colloid?				
໌ ຄ	a)	Albumin	c)	Haemocoel		
1	b)	Dextran	d)	Ringer lactate		
37.	L	evel of consciousness is assessed by				
a	a)	Braden scale		•		
1	b)	Glasgow coma scale				
(	c)	NIHSS score				
(	d)	APGAR score				
38. 0	Co	rrective surgery for TGA?				
a	a)	Senning operation				
1	b)	B – T shunt				
(	2)	Arterial switch operation				
(	d)	Ross procedure				
39. \	. Which is the common rhythm that leads to cardiac arrest in children?					
a	a)	Ventricular Tachycardia				
ł	b)	Ventricular fibrillation				
(	2)	Bradycardia		•		
(	(l:	Supraventricular Tachycardia				
40. I	Res	suscitation begins with				
a	a)	Opening air way				
		Chest compression				
C	2)	Giving breathing				
C	d)	Precordial thump				
41. 5	Sca	ale used for predicting bed sore?				
		Glasgow come scale				
	•	Braden scale				
(	2)	NIPC Scale				
. (	1)	VRS				

42. To respect a patient's personal spa	ace and territoriality, the nurse should							
a) Keep the curtains pulled aroun	a) Keep the curtains pulled around the patients bed							
b) Avoid the use of touch	•							
c) Explain the nursing care and pr	cocedure							
d) Stand 8feet away from the bed								
	What is the immediate step to be initiated for a needle stick injury?							
a) Wash with soap and water								
b) Report to Nursing Supervisor								
c) Initiate a Hazard report								
d) Wash with bleaching powder								
44. The most common presentation of	cerebral abscess is							
a) Fever	c) Head ache							
b) Seizure	d) Nausea and vomiting							
45. Which of the following treatment n	nodality is not indicated in patients with Guillain -							
Barre Syndrome	, and the state of							
a) Plasmapheresis								
b) Intravenous immunoglobulin								
c) High dose corticosteroids								
d) Intubation								
46. Legibility of records means								
a) Easy to handle	c) Easy to read							
b) Easy to transfer	d) Easy to retrieve							
47. Which of the following is not a step	involved in communication process.							
a) Information source and encoding	g							
b) Channel								
<ul> <li>c) Decoding and feedback</li> </ul>								
d) Evaluation								
48. Collaboration in providing care to a	group of patients under the direction of a							
professional nurse is	-							
a) Primary method	c) Modular method							
b) Case method	d) Team method							
49. Which of the following involves all	the assessment methods that occur after the							
patient has been discharged								
<ul> <li>a) Retrospective evaluation</li> </ul>	c) Auditing							
b) Quality assurance	d) Concurrent evaluation							
50. Grading of SAH is done by which o	Grading of SAH is done by which of the following method							
a) Allen's test								
b) Wada test	•							
c) Glasgow coma scale								
d) Hunt and Hess scale								

## MFCP OF STAFF NURSE A TO B (13/03/2018)

## **ANSWER KEY**

			VV DIX IXD I	,	
1	d	21		41	h
	a l	21	C	41	b
2	c	22	b	42.	c
3	<b>b</b> ;	23	d	43	a
4	c	24	a	44	C
5	b	25	c	45	c
		26		46	
6	<u>a</u>	20	a	46	c
7	d	27	<u>d</u>	47	d
8	c	28	c	48	d
9	b	29	<u>a</u>	49	a
10	c	30	b	50	d
11	d	31	b		
				-	
12	<b>b</b>	32	d	_	
13	c	33	e ·		
14		24			
14	<u>c</u>	34	<u>a</u>	1	
15	d	35	e		
16	b	36	d		
	_				
17	b	37	<u>b</u>	-	
18	b	38	<u>e</u>		
19	a	39	c		
			<u> </u>		
20	b	40	b		